

## Respiratory Therapists as Champions for Illness Doesn't Mean Stillness

Sapna R. Kudchadkar, MD, PhD, FCCM **Associate Professor** Anesthesiology & Critical Care Medicine, Pediatrics & Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation Associate Vice Chair for Research, ACCM











### **Learning Objectives**



 Discuss the research/evidence to support early mobility in pediatric patients

 Describe strategies for implementation of early mobility in the PICU with a focus on the role of respiratory therapists



## Engage on Twitter! @SapnaKmd



## #PedsICU

## #ICURehab



#COVID19







# bit.ly/pedsicucovid bit.ly/picucovidpubmed









## One stop shopping for up-to-date PICU & NICU Liberation Literature



## bit.ly/pedsliberationliterature



Updated DAILY!!



#### Physical Rehabilitation in Critically III Children: A Multicenter Point Prevalence Study in the United States

Sapna R. Kudchadkar, MD, PhD, FCCM<sup>1,2,3</sup>; Archana Nelliot, MD<sup>1</sup>; Ronke Awojoodu, RN, MPH<sup>1</sup>; Dhananjay Vaidya, PhD<sup>4</sup>; Chani Traube, MD<sup>5</sup>; Tracie Walker, MD<sup>1</sup>; Dale M. Needham, MD, PhD<sup>3,6,7</sup>; for the Prevalence of Acute Rehabilitation for Kids in the PICU (PARK-PICU) Investigators and the Pediatric Acute Lung Injury and Sepsis Investigators (PALISI) Network

RESEARCH Open Access

# Mobilization practices in critically ill children: a European point prevalence study (EU PARK-PICU)



Erwin Ista<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Barnaby R. Scholefield<sup>3,4</sup>, Joseph C. Manning<sup>5,6</sup>, Irene Harth<sup>7</sup>, Orsola Gawronski<sup>8</sup>, Alicja Bartkowska-Śniatkowska<sup>9</sup>, Anne-Sylvie Ramelet<sup>10</sup>, Sapna R. Kudchadkar<sup>11,12,13</sup> and EU PARK-PICU Collaborators<sup>14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48</sup>

#### FEATURE ARTICLE

## Prevalence of Acute Rehabilitation for Kids in the PICU: A Canadian Multicenter Point Prevalence Study

**OBJECTIVES:** To evaluate mobilization practices, barriers, and mobility-related adverse events in Canadian PICUs.

Karen Choong, MB BCh, MSc<sup>1,2</sup> David J. Zorko, MD<sup>1</sup> Crit Care Med 2020







Critical Care 2020

Ped Crit Care Med 2020





## Critical Care Medicine

Society Critical Care Medicine





#### Physical Rehabilitation in Critically III Children: A Multicenter Point Prevalence Study in the United States

What was the point prevalence of PT or OT-provided mobility?

35%

How often were patients completely immobile?

19%

A potential safety event occurred in 4% of 4,700 mobility sessions; most commonly a transient change in vital signs.

Who is at risk for a delayed PT or OT consult?



Who had lower odds of PT or OTprovided motility?



What factors promote or prevent being out of bed?







PARENTS PRESENT AT BEDSIDE\*

108 435 95K CL31-64F



**ENDOTRACHEAL** 

INTUBATION

MOBILITY PROTOCOL



DR 0.28, 95% Ct. 0.1-0.61



DATA COLLECTED FROM 82 PICUS IN 65 HOSPITALS (N=1.769 PATIENT



PREVALENCE OF ACUTE REHABILITATION FOR KIDS IN THE PICU (PARK-PICU)



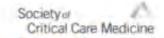
#### CONCLUSIONS

Younger children, females, and patients with higher baseline function less commonly receive rehabilitation in U.S. PICUs, and early rehabilitation consultation is infrequent.

Pata from Kudchadkar SR, et al: Crit Care Med 2020.

ccmjournal.org #CritCareMed #PedsICU

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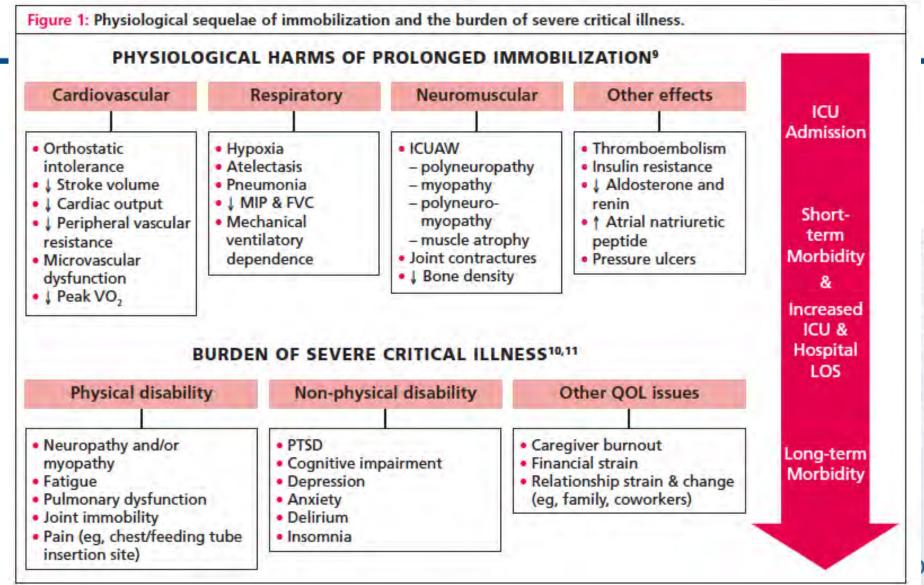


## A CULTURE OF IMMOBILITY





## Consequences of IMMOBILITY



## Liberation is NOT a new concept



"It means a great deal. . . to be put on their own feet in a short time, rather than be confined to bed, having their weak backs and general debility increase rather than disappear after the operation which was to cure them."—Dr Emil Ries, JAMA 1899<sup>1</sup>

THE JOURNAL OF PEDIATRICS • www.jpeds.com

**EDITORIALS** 

Early Mobility in the Pediatric Intensive Care Unit: Can We Move On?



#### THE ABUSE OF REST AS A THERA-PEUTIC MEASURE IN SURGERY

#### EARLY POSTOPERATIVE ACTIVITY AND REHABILITATION

JOHN H. POWERS, M.D. COOPERSTOWN, N. Y.

Rest, as a therapeutic measure, is fraught with hazard. Prolonged periods of recumbency in bed are anatomically, physiologically and psychologically unsound and unscientific. Conversely, early restoration of medical and surgical patients to normal life is an essential feature of modern convalescent supervision. Prompt postoperative activity and walking provide manifest, safe and agreeable modifications in customary convalescent care by which ready rehabilitation may be achieved in the realm of surgery.

The desirability of such a program for patients of advanced years has long been recognized; surgical wounds heal firmly even though early postoperative activity is encouraged. Infants and young children cannot be kept quietly at rest in bed after operation, yet postoperative hernias are not common. Utilization of this knowledge in the management of patients between the extremes of life promotes an equally uneventful convalescence. Early rising from bed and walking preclude the protracted period of inertia which traditionally follows in the wake of surgery and encourage the prompt resumption of normal activity.<sup>1</sup>

### **JAMA 1944**



"Prolonged (bedrest is) anatomically and physiologically unsound... early restoration of medical and surgical patients to normal life is an essential feature of modern convalescent supervision."



## So what changed?





## **Increased Survival!**

- Technologic and scientific advances
- Bedrest to promote stability and safety
- Continuous sedative and paralytic infusions- "rest and recovery"



# Suspended Life or Extending Death? Thomas Petty, 1998

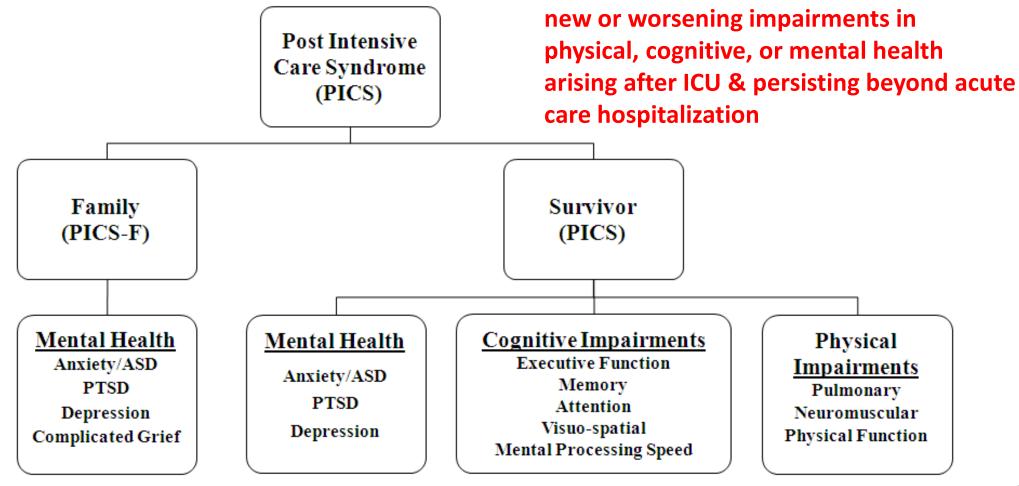


"But what I see these days are sedated patients, lying without motion, appearing to be dead, except for the monitors that tell me otherwise. By being awake and alert...they could interact with family...feel human...sustain the zest for living which is a requirement for survival."





## **SCCM Post Intensive Care Syndrome (PICS)**



#### www.jpeds.com • THE JOURNAL OF PEDIATRICS







R. Scott Watson, MD, MPH<sup>1,2</sup>, Karen Choong, MB, BCh, MSc<sup>3</sup>, Gillian Colville, MPhil, CPsychol, AFBPsS<sup>4</sup>, Sheri Crow, MD, MSc<sup>5</sup>, Leslie A. Dervan, MD, MS<sup>2</sup>, Ramona O. Hopkins, PhD<sup>6,7,8</sup>, Hennie Knoester, MD, PhD<sup>9</sup>, Murray M. Pollack, MD<sup>10</sup>, Janet Rennick, RN, PhD<sup>11</sup>, and Martha A. Q. Curley, RN, PhD<sup>12,13</sup>

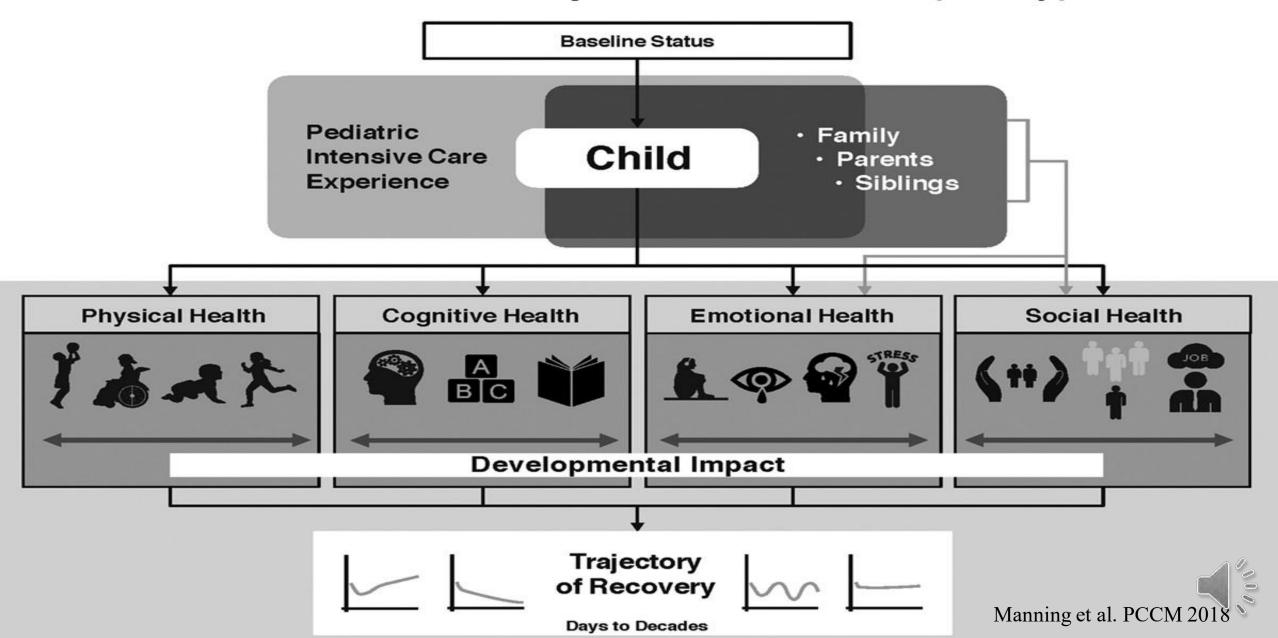
## Conceptualizing Post Intensive Care Syndrome in Children—The PICS-p Framework\*

Joseph C. Manning, RN, PhD<sup>1,2,3</sup>; Neethi P. Pinto, MD, MS<sup>4</sup>; Janet E. Rennick, RN, PhD<sup>5,6</sup>; Gillian Colville, MPhil, CPsychol<sup>7</sup>; Martha A. Q. Curley, RN, PhD<sup>8,9,10</sup>





#### Post Intensive Care Syndrome - Pediatrics (PICS-p)



### Functional Recovery following Critical Illness in Children: the "Wee-cover" Pilot Study



Karen Choong, MB BCh, Samah Al-Harbi, MD, Katie Siu, MD, Katie Wong, BSc, Ji Cheng, MSc, Burke Baird, MD, David Pogorzelski, BSc, Brian Timmons, PhD, Jan-Willem Gorter, MD PhD, Lehana Thabane, PhD, and Mary Khetani, ScD OTR Conducted on behalf of the Canadian Critical Care Trials Group

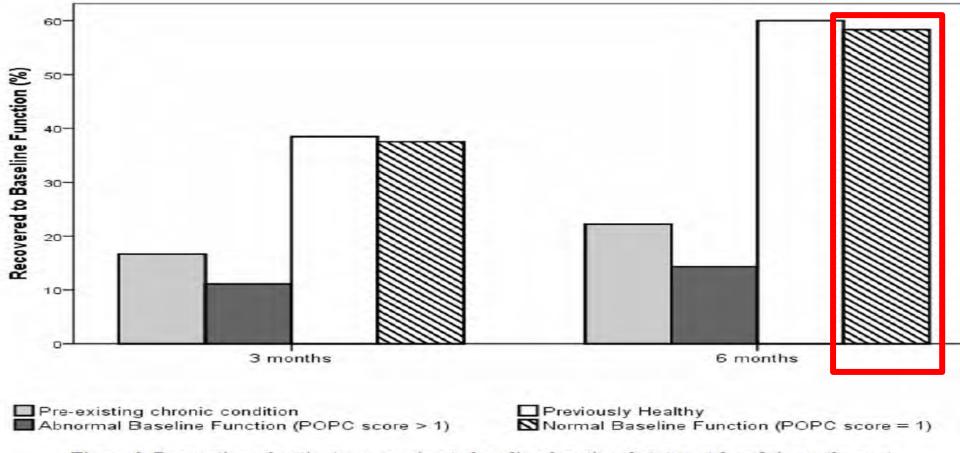


Figure 3. Proportion of patients recovering to baseline functional status at 3 and 6 months post PICU discharge
Baseline functional limitation was defined as patients with a Pediatric Overall Performance Category (POPC) score > 1.



#### Postdischarge Outcome Domains in Pediatric Critical Care and the Instruments Used to Evaluate Them: A Scoping Review

PST-PICUINVESTIGATORS US

Aline B. Maddux, MD, MSCS1; Neethi Pinto, MD, MS2; Ericka L. Fink, MD, MS3; Mary E. Hartman, MD, MPH4; Sholeen Nett, MD, PhD5; Katherine Biagas, MD6; Elizabeth Y. Killien, MD, MPH7; Leslie A. Dervan, MD, MS7.8; LeeAnn M. Christie, MSN, RN9; Peter M. Luckett, MD10; Laura Loftis, MD, MS11; Mellanye Lackey, MSI12; Melissa Ringwood, BS13; McKenna Smith, BS13; Lenora Olson, PhD13; Sam Sorenson, BS13; Kathleen L. Meert, MD14; Daniel A. Notterman, MD15; Murray M. Pollack, MD16; Peter M. Mourani, MD1; R. Scott Watson, MD, MPH7.17; for the Pediatric Outcomes STudies after PICU (POST-PICU) and PICU-COS Investigators of the Pediatric Acute Lung Injury and Sepsis Investigators and the Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development Collaborative Pediatric Critical Care Research Networks



#### Crit Care Med 2020

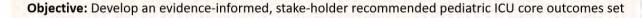






Multi-national, multistakeholder survey





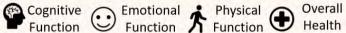
Performed 2 rounds of a modified Delphi survey







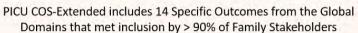








Wolters Kluwer



PICU COS features Global Outcome Domains of



PICU Core Outcome Set and PICU COS-Extended are recommended resources for clinical and research programs to assess and improve outcomes for critically ill children and their families.

Data from Fink EL, et al: Crit Care Med, 2020



## We must not just focus on survival....



# SURVIVORSHIP





## SCCM ICU Liberation: As easy as ABCDEF? College Trails - Q1- Safety John Hallen Market P. School Trails - Q1- Safety John Hallen Market



#### Assess, prevent & manage pain

- · CPOT or BPS to assess pain, insure adequate pain control
- · Use of regional anesthesia and nonopioid adjuncts
- Analgesia-based sedation techniques with fentanyl



#### **Both SAT & SBT**

- Daily linked SAT and SBT
- Multidisciplinary coordination of care
- · Faster liberation from MV



#### Choice of sedation

- · Targeted light sedation when sedation necessary
- Avoidance of benzodiazepines
- · Dexmedetomidine if high delirium risk, cardiac surgery, MV weaning



#### **Delirium monitoring & management**

- Routine CAM-ICU or ICDSC assessments
- · Nonpharmacologic intervention, including sleep hygiene
- Dexmedetomidine or antipsychotic if hyperactive symptoms



#### Early mobility & exercise

- Physical and occupational therapy assessment
- · Coordinate activity with SAT or periods of no sedation
- Progress through range of motion, sitting, standing, walking, ADLs



#### Family engagement & empowerment

- · Reorientation, provision of emotional and verbal support
- Cognitive stimulation, participation in mobilization
- · Participation in multidisciplinary rounds



iculiberation.org







#### Crit Care Med 2018

### Caring for Critically III Patients with the **ABCDEF Bundle: Results of the ICU Liberation** Collaborative in Over 15,000 Adults

Brenda T. Pun, DNP, RN, FCCM1; Michele C. Balas, PhD, RN, CCRN-K, FCCM, FAAN23; Mary Ann Barnes-Daly, MS, RN, CCRN-K, DC4; Jennifer L. Thompson, MPH5; J. Matthew Aldrich, MD4; Juliana Barr, MD, FCCM78; Diane Byrum MSN, RN, CCRN-K, CCNS, FCCM9; Shannon S. Carson, MD10; John W. Devlin, PharmD, FCCM11; Heidi J. Engel, PT, DPT12; Cheryl L. Esbrook, OTR/L, BCPR13; Ken D. Hargett, MHA, FAARC, FCCM14; Lori Harmon, RRT, MBA, CPHQ15; Christina Hielsberg, MA15; James C. Jackson, PsyD1; Tamra L. Kelly, BS, RRT, MHA4; Vishakha Kumar, MD, MBA15; Lawson Millner, RRT16; Alexandra Morse, PharmD4; Christiane S. Perme, PT, CCS, FCCM14; Patricia J. Posa, BSN, MSA, CCRN-K17; Kathleen A. Puntillo, PhD, RN, FCCM, FAAN18; William D. Schweickert, MD19; Joanna L. Stollings, PharmD, FCCM20; Alai Tan, PhD2; Lucy D'Agostino McGowan, PhD21; E. Wesley Ely, MD, MPH, FCCM1.22





### Caring for Critically III Patients with the ABCDEF Bundle: Results of the ICU Liberation Collaborative in Over 15,000 Adults



## ABLE 2. Outcomes for Patients With Complete (vs Incomplete) ABCDEF Bundle Performance: Data are Adjusted Hazard Ratios (AHRs) and Adjusted Odds Ratios (AORs)

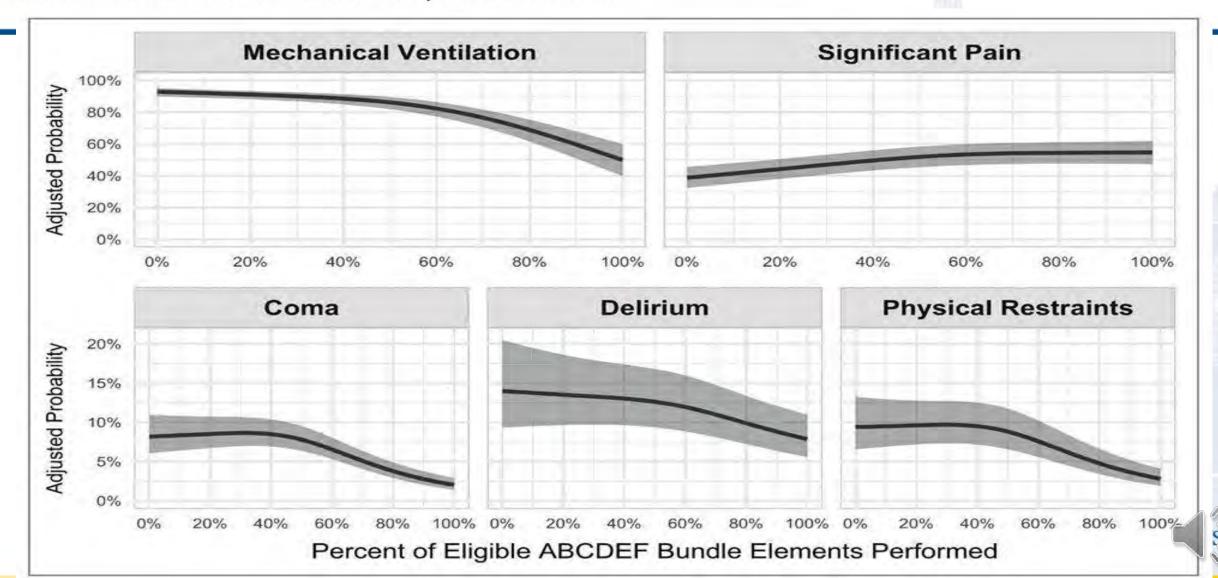
Outcomes	Complete Bundle Performance	p Value
Patient-Related Outcomes	AHR (95% CI)	
ICU discharge*	1.17 (1.05-1.30)	< 0.004
Hospital discharge <sup>a</sup>	1.19 (1.01-1.40)	< 0.033
Death	0.32 (0.17-0.62)	< 0.001
Symptom-Related Outcomes	AOR (95%CI)	
Mechanical ventilation	0.28 (0.22-0.36)	< 0.0001
Coma	0.35 (0.22-0.56)	< 0.0001
Delirium	0.60 (0.49-0.72)	< 0.0001
Significant pain	1.03 (0.88-1.21)	0.7000
Physical restraints	0.37 (0.30-0.46)	< 0.0001
System-Related Outcomes	Adjusted OR (95%CI)	
ICU readmission*	0.54 (037-0.79)	< 0.001
Discharge destination	0.64 (0.51-0.80)	< 0.001

Pun et al. Crit Care Med 2018



## Caring for Critically III Patients with the ABCDEF Bundle: Results of the ICU Liberation Collaborative in Over 15,000 Adults







### Fall 2013: Where we came from





- Oversedation
- Rapid drug escalation and no consistent sedation language
- PT/OT an afterthought
- Restraints=rule, not exception
- What's delirium?
- Benzos, diphenhydramine to improve sleep
- Family as observers



## Creating a healing environment for children in the hospital: It's never too early!

PICU Up! Research Team Clinical Trials - QI - Safety John Neglam Medicine

- Optimizing pain and sedation mgmt.
- Optimizing sleep
- Optimizing a child's ability to communicate
- Minimizing risk factors for delirium
- Early mobilization



## Sedation, Sleep, Delirium, Early Rehab cannot be dealt with as silos!





They are intimately interconnected.



## Why should we care about sleep in the hospital?



- Natural sleep is integral to physiologic homeostasis
  - Thermoregulation
  - Respiratory
  - Cardiovascular
  - Gastrointestinal
  - Immune defenses
  - Endocrine











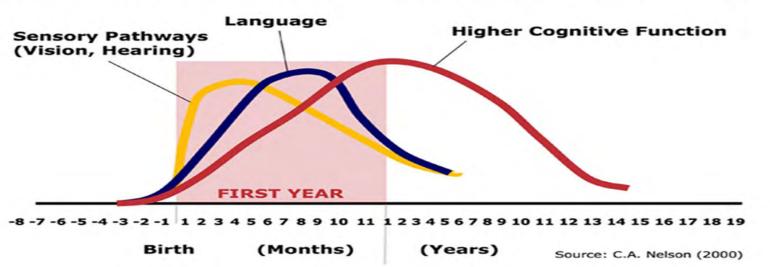
### **Principle Concept**



Evolution of sleep in childhood reflects the complex brain maturational process during infancy, childhood and adolescence



Human Brain Development
Neural Connections for Different Functions Develop Sequentially







# 2018 means addressing sleep and immobility...in adults

## Society of Critical Care Medicine

The Intensive Care Professionals

### 2013 "PAD" Guidelines



Clinical Practice Guidelines for the Management of Pain, Agitation, and Delirium in Adult Patients in the Intensive Care Unit



### 2018 "PADIS" Guidelines

Clinical Practice Guidelines for the Prevention and Management of Pain, Agitation/Sedation, Delirium, Immobility, and Sleep Disruption in Adult Patients in the ICU

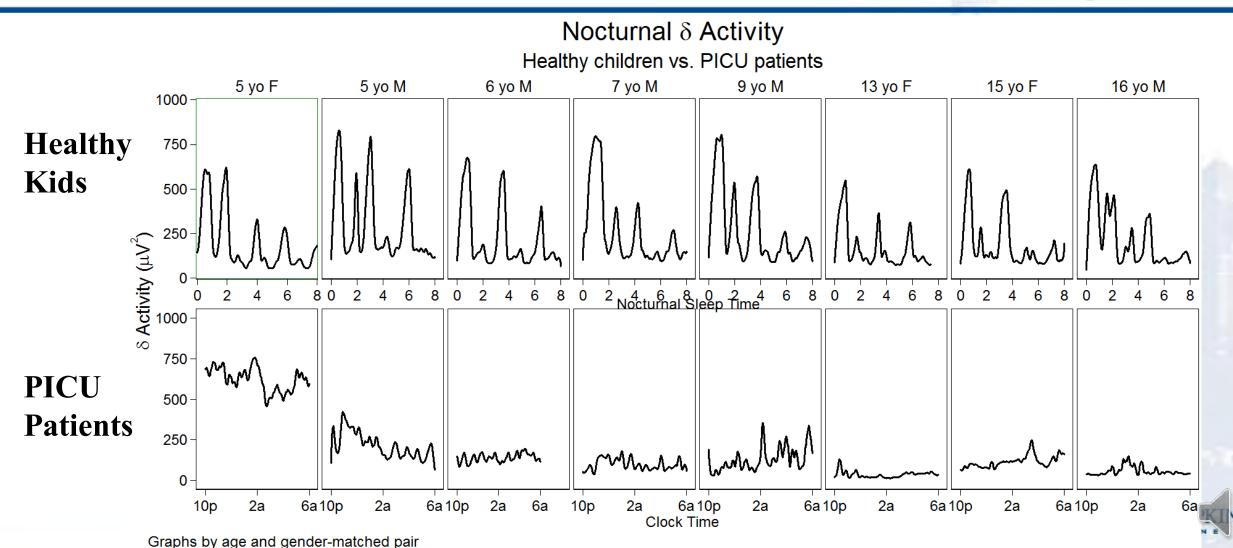
### They're not.

#### Temporal Characteristics of the Sleep EEG Power Spectrum in Critically III Children



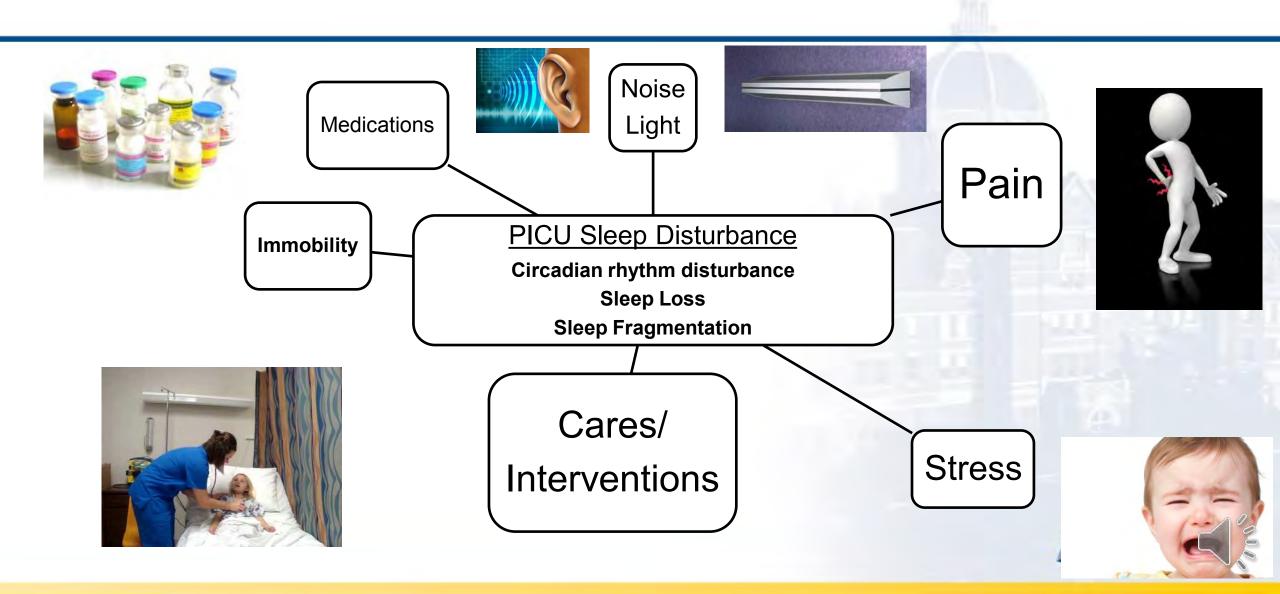
Sapna R. Kudchadkar, MD<sup>1</sup>; Myron Yaster, MD<sup>1</sup>; Arjun N. Punjabi<sup>2</sup>; Stuart F. Quan, MD<sup>3</sup>; James L. Goodwin, PhD<sup>4</sup>; R. Blaine Easley, MD<sup>6</sup>; Naresh M. Punjabi, MD, PhD<sup>6</sup>

J Clin Sleep Med 2016



### **Hospital Sleep Disturbances**







### PICU sleep is not a priority



Sleep of critically ill children in the pediatric intensive care unit:

A systematic review

Sapna R. Kudchadkar a, Othman A. Aljohani a, Naresh M. Punjabi b

- -Multitude of studies of sleep in the NICU
- -Nine publications about sleep in the PICU
  - Four publications from same RCT
  - Two studies using subjective assessment (PSBOT)

JOHNS HOLLING



### Improving Hospital Sleep is Not a Priority





Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews

Non-pharmacological interventions for sleep promotion in hospitalized children (Protocol)

Kudchadkar SR, Barnes S, Anton B, Gergen DJ, Punjabi NM

# 60,000 abstracts screened→<80 RCTs, mostly in neonates

Thank you, NICU colleagues!



Chest 2021





# Sedation, Sleep Promotion, and Delirium Screening Practices in the Care of Mechanically Ventilated Children: A Wake-Up Call for the Pediatric Critical Care Community



Sapna R. Kudchadkar, MD<sup>1,2</sup>; Myron Yaster, MD<sup>1,2</sup>; Naresh M. Punjabi, MD, PhD<sup>3,4</sup>

- 341 pediatric intensivists
- <15% aware of efforts to optimize sleep of critically ill children in their unit including any of following:
  - Noise reduction
  - -Lighting
  - Earplugs/eyemask

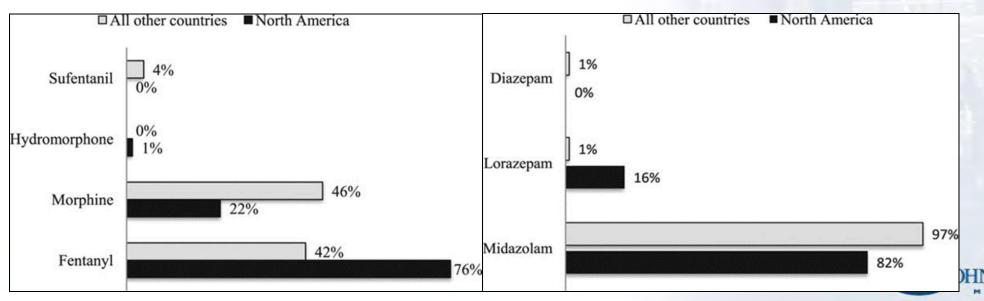




# Pediatric Intensive Care and Sleep: Is it a priority?



- >85% use a combination of benzodiazepine and opioid for sedation in mechanically ventilated children
- <10% use dexmedetomidine</li>





# What's wrong with opioids and benzodiazepines?



Medication	Effect on Sleep	Possible Mechanism
Sedative/hypnotics		
Benzodiazepines	↑TST, ↓SWS, ↓REM, ↓W	GABA (type A) receptor stimulation
Propofol	↑TST, ↓W, ↓SL	GABA (type A) receptor stimulation
Dexmedetomidine	↑SWS, ↓SL, ↓REM	Alpha <sub>2</sub> -agonist
Analgesics		
Opioids	↑W, ↓TST, ↓SWS, ↓REM	Mu-receptor stimulation
NSAIDs	VTST, VSE	Prostaglandin synthesis inhibition

## Benzodiazepines are an independent risk factor for the development of delirium

Kudchadkar et al. Contemporary Critical Care 2009 Pandaripande, et al. J Trauma 2008

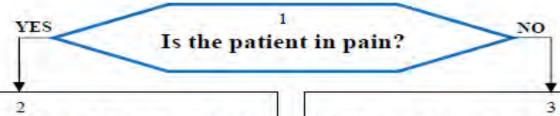








# RESTORE Nurse-Implemented Goal-Directed Comfort Algorithm (Page 1 of 2 – Initiation)



Patient's pain scores are higher than prescribed after comfort measures have been provided

Morphine 0.05-0.1 mg/kg/dose (Max: 10 mg/dose) IV every 5-10 minutes until acute pain relieved. (Max 3 doses)

NOTE: Adjust starting dose in patients already receiving narcotics.

Patient's SBS more positive (+) than prescribed Reversible causes of agitation have been excluded and environmental comfort measures have been provided BUT increased State Behavior is contributing to an acute deterioration in patient condition necessitating immediate control

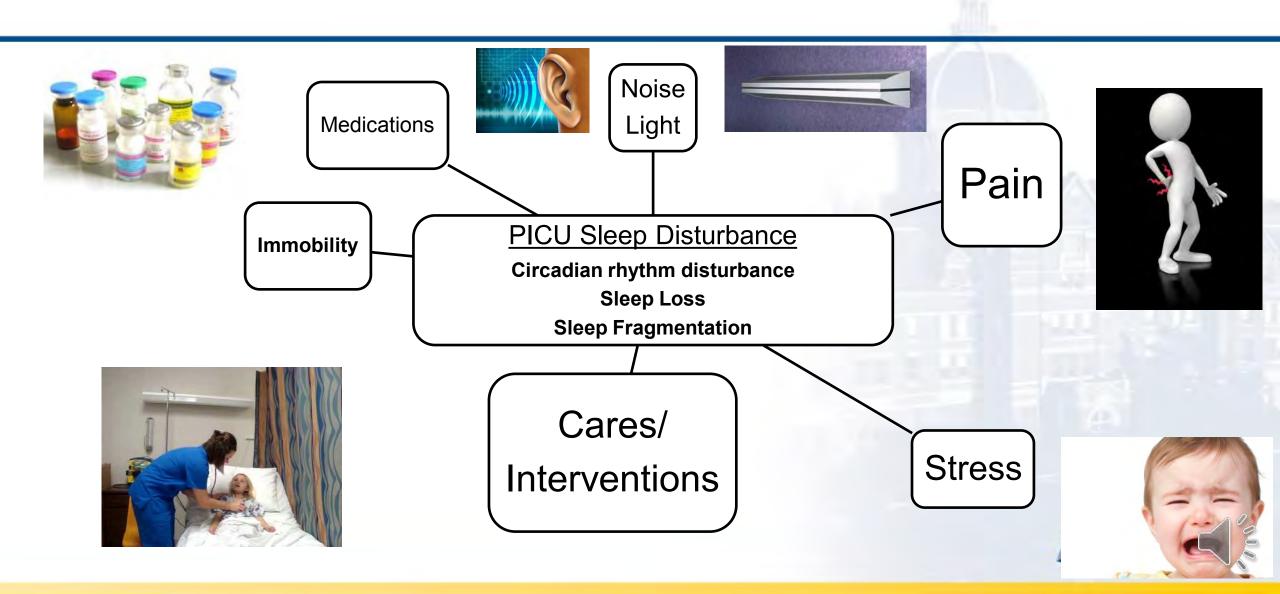
Midazolam 0.05-0.1 mg/kg/dose (Max: 10 mg/dose)
IV every 5-10 minutes until desired SBS achieved
(Max 3 doses)

NOTE: Adjust starting dose in patients already receiving benzodiazepines.



# **Hospital Sleep Disturbances**





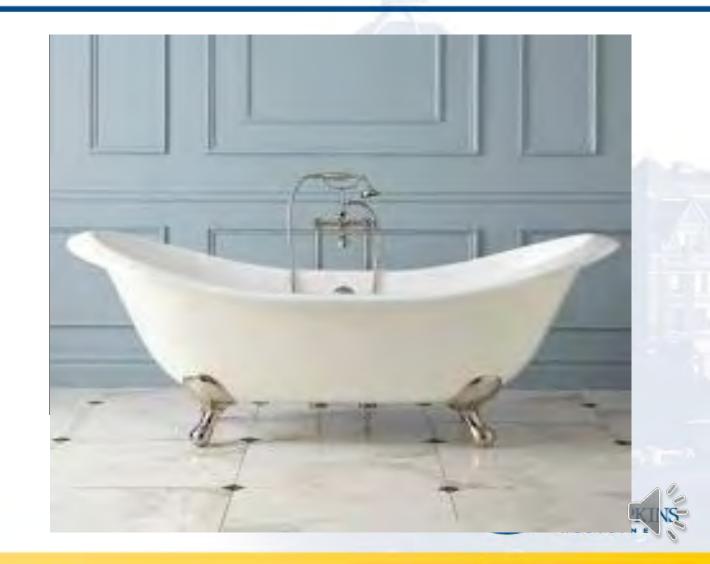
#### What is the *most common* time for.....



A.7 a.m.-10 a.m.

B.10 p.m.-5 a.m.

C. 5 a.m.-7 a.m.

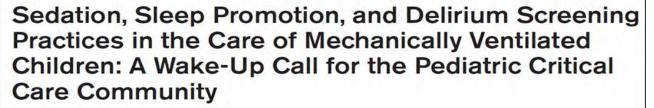




# Should this really be our "normal"?



- Baths at 2 a.m.
- Daily X-rays at 5 a.m.
- Labs at midnight
- Endotracheal tube=immobile
- Benzo & opioid infusion=automatic



Sapna R. Kudchadkar, MD<sup>1,2</sup>; Myron Yaster, MD<sup>1,2</sup>; Naresh M. Punjabi, MD, PhD<sup>3,4</sup>



\*Benzodiazepines are an independent risk factor for delirium!

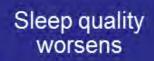
A vicious circle?

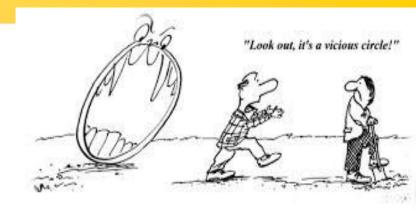
Not "sleeping" given more sedation

Child is delirious, more agitated



Sedation needs escalate over duration of intubation





Physiologic dependence, prolonged hospital stay for withdrawal



Sleep CHEST Reviews

**≅CHEST** 

#### Sleep in the Hospitalized Child A Contemporary Review

Check for sentates

Jessica Berger, MD, MHS; Munfarid Zaidi, BS; Irene Halferty; and Sapna R. Kudchadkar, MD, PhD

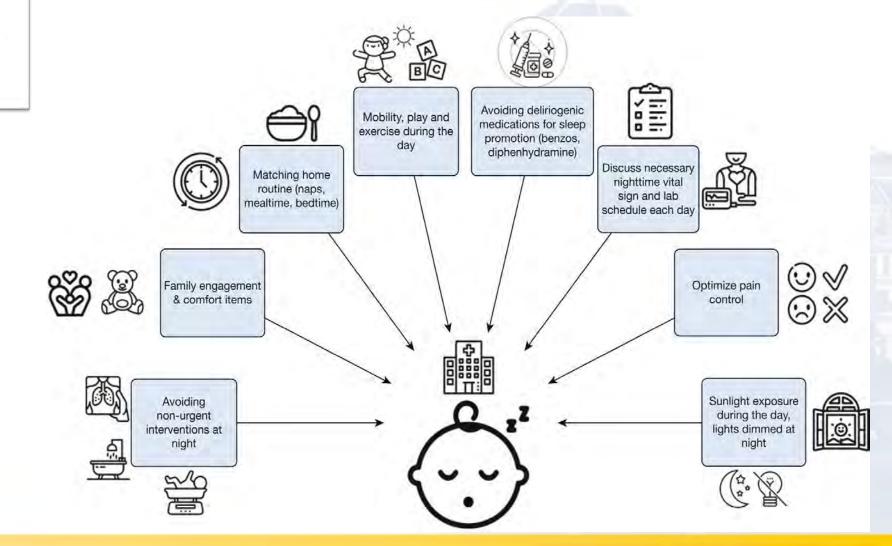
Acute illness and hospitalization introduce several risk factors for sleep disruption in children that can negatively affect recovery and healing and potentially compromise long-term cognition and executive function. The hospital setting is not optimized for pediatric sleep promotion, and many of the pharmacologic interventions intended to promote sleep in the hospital actually may have deleterious effects on sleep quality and quantity. To date, evidence to support pharmacologic sleep promotion in the pediatric inpatient setting is sparse. Therefore, non-pharmacologic interventions to optimize sleep-wake patterns are of highest yield in a vulnerable population of patients undergoing active neurocognitive development. In this review, we briefly examine what is known about healthy sleep in children and describe risk factors for sleep disturbances, available sleep measurement tools, and potential interventions for sleep promotion in the pediatric inpatient setting.

CHEST 2021; 160(3):1064-1074

KEY WORDS: children; hospital; ICU; neonatal; pediatric; sleep

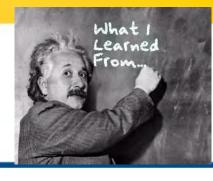
#### Chest 2021







#### What we've learned



- Evolution of sleep is a marker of brain development in childhood
- Sleep is severely fragmented in children admitted to the hospital
- The behavioral phenotype of sleep fragmentation presents as...





#### **Delirium Definition**

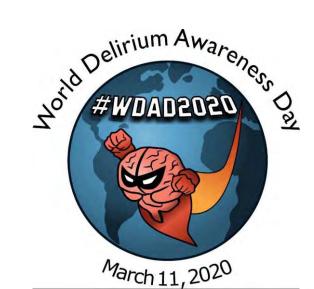


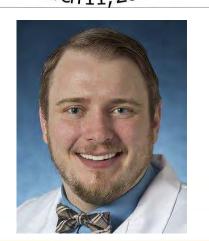
# Abrupt onset of inattention and other cognitive signs with fluctuation during day

- Inattention inability to direct, sustain & shift attention
- Decreased awareness of environment disoriented
- Change in cognition &/or perception
  - Short-term memory, language/speech abnormalities
  - Hallucinations: auditory or tactile [not a requirement]
- May have delusions, emotional lability including significant anxiety, sleep-wake disturbance.



### **World Delirium Day 2021**









#### Delirium Citizen

Take the Challenge Screen Patients for Delirium Pledge #lcanPreventDelirium

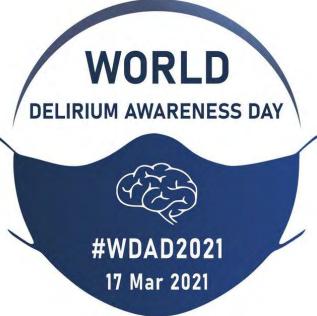


#### Delirium Hero

Develop a Quality Program for Delirium Educate others to increase Delirium Awareness

#### Delirium Superhero

Expand Delirium Awareness Across the Country/World Engage with your Delirium Society Collaborate Across the Globe to Improve Delirium Care







# Sedation, Sleep Promotion, and Delirium Screening Practices in the Care of Mechanically Ventilated Children: A Wake-Up Call for the Pediatric Critical Care Community

Sapna R. Kudchadkar, MD1.2; Myron Yaster, MD1.2; Naresh M. Punjabi, MD, PhD3.4

- Only 2% of respondents reported delirium screening is performed for all mechanically ventilated patients once per shift
- When asked which tools were being used for delirium, several listed withdrawal scales
  - Sophia Observation Scale
  - -Withdrawal Assessment Tool-1 (WAT-1)







# Delirium is everyone's problem





# The Johns Hopkins Delirium Consortium: A Model for Collaborating Across Disciplines and Departments for Delirium Prevention and Treatment

Karin J. Neufeld, MD, MPH,\* O. Joseph Bienvenu, MD, PhD,\* Paul B. Rosenberg, MD,\* Simon C. Mears, MD, PhD,† Hochang B. Lee, MD,\* Biren B. Kamdar, MD, MBA,‡ Frederick E. Sieber, MD,§ Sharon K. Krumm, RN, PhD,<sup>||,#</sup> Jeremy D. Walston, MD,\*\* David N. Hager, MD, PhD,‡ Pegah Touradji, PhD,†† and Dale M. Needham, MD, PhD‡,††





# Insight from half a century ago...

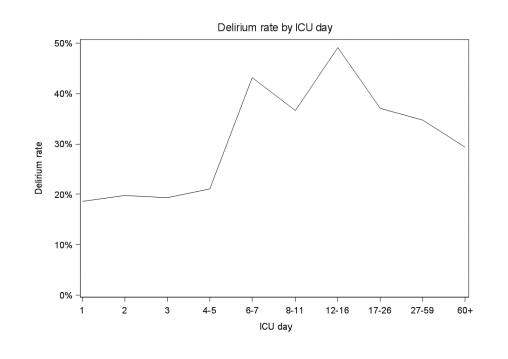


'The problem of delirium is far from an academic one. Not only does the presence of delirium often complicate and render more difficult the treatment of a serious illness, but also it carries the serious possibility of permanent irreversible brain damage

-Engel & Romano, 1959



# Delirium in Critically III Children: An International Point Prevalence Study\*



Variable	(95% CI)	
Age > 2 years	0.7 (0.5, 1.0)	
Physical restraints	4.0 (2.0, 7.7)	
Mechanical ventilation	1.7 (1.1, 2.7)	
Narcotics	2.3 (1.5, 3.5)	
Benzodiazepines	2.2 (1.5, 3.3)	
Antiepileptics	2.9 (1.8, 4.8)	
General anesthesia	0.4 (0.3, 0.8)	
Vasopressors	2.4 (1.5, 3.8)	

25% Delirium Prevalence

N=835, Traube et al, Crit Care Med 2017



# Why should we *consistently* screen for delirium in the ICU setting?

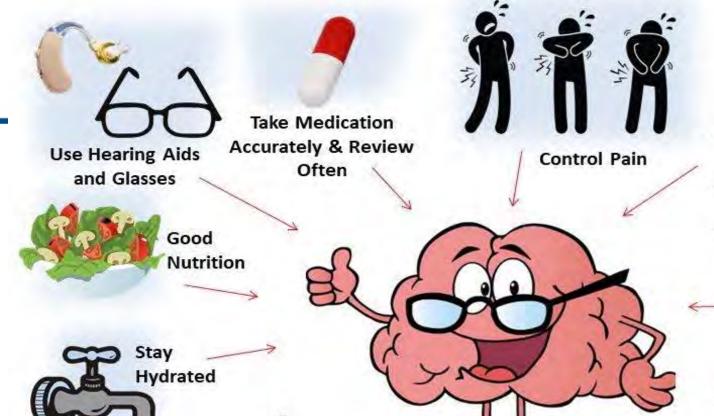


Not just to diagnose delirium and treat it!

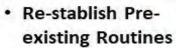
 "A positive delirium screen after several negative screens is a warning sign for impending badness" - Wes Ely, MD







Orientate to



Cognitive Stimulation

Remove Unnecessary Foley Catheters and Restraints

Bring in Familiar Items From Home & Involve Family



Delirium:
Basics of
Prevention

Prevent Constipation Sleep

http://www.europeandeliriumassociation.com/stop-delirium-project\_teaching-material.html











# Fall 2013: Our PICU culture of immobility Cultivaries Chical Chical College Chical Chic

- Oversedation
- Rapid escalation
- PT/OT an afterthought
- Restraints=rule, not exception
- What's delirium?
- Benzos, diphenhydramine to improve sleep
- Family as observers





### **Benefits of mobility**



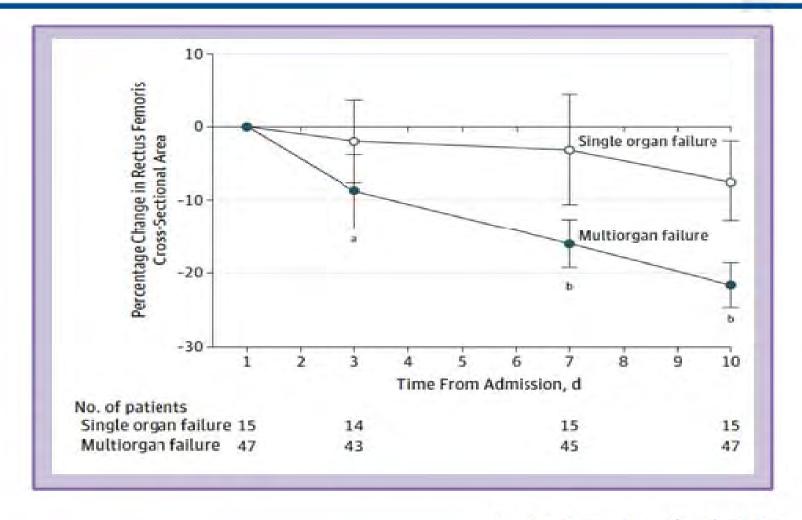
- Blood sugar homeostatsis
- Cardiovascular function
- Pulmonary function
- Decreases chronic inflammation
- Hormonal regulation
- Musculoskeletal & neuromuscular integrity
- Sleep/wake pattern
- Cognition
- Decreases depression





### Muscle wasting occurs quickly in the ICU









# Our culture change goals

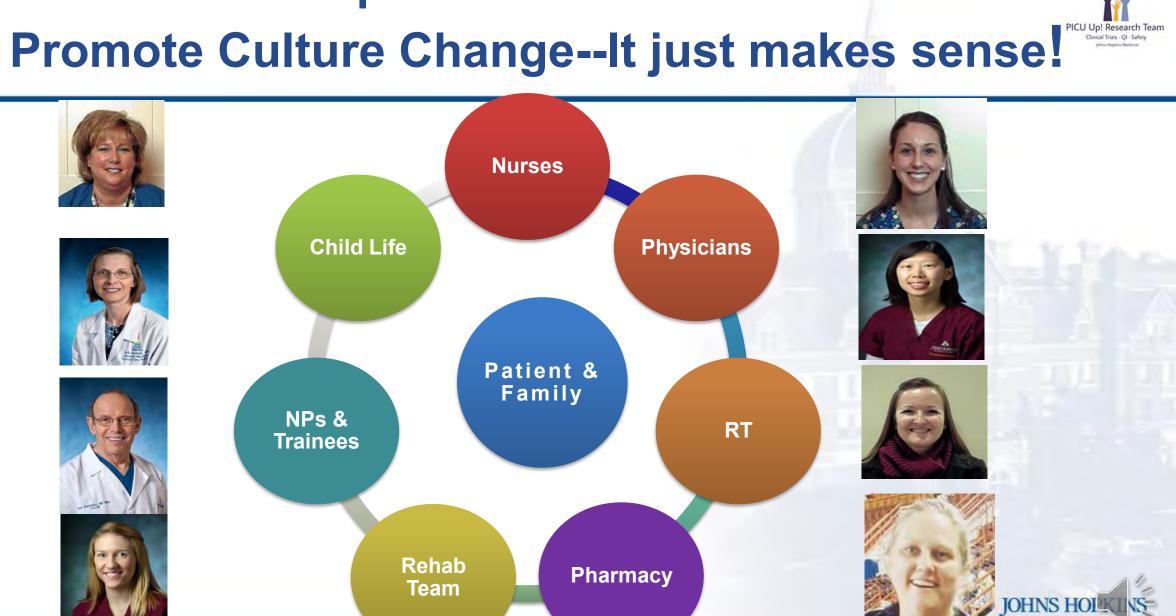


- Every kid, every day
- Get the experts to the bedside EARLY.
- No child is ever "too sick" to turn away the PT or OT
- Analgesia first
   — then sedation IF NEEDED
- Kids and families can tell us what they need
- Sleep hygiene and delirium prevention= more mobility





# The Cost: Multiprofessional Collaboration to

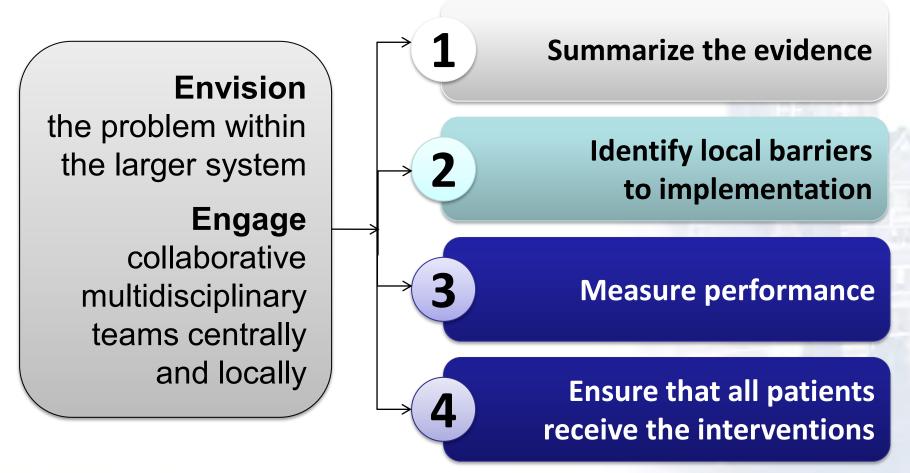


### A cool name is the first step





### **Translating Research Into Practice**



<sup>1.</sup> Pronovost PJ, Berenholtz SM, Needham DM. Translating evidence into practice: a model for large scale knowledge translation. BMJ. 2008 Oct 6;337:a1714. PMID: 18838424.





# Pediatric Literature Review

# Early Mobilization in the Pediatric Intensive Care Unit: A Systematic Review

PICU Up! Research Te: Clinical Trials - Q! - Safety

Beth Wieczorek<sup>1</sup> Christopher Burke<sup>1</sup> Ahmad Al-Harbi<sup>1</sup> Sapna R. Kudchadkar<sup>2</sup>

- Melchers et al 1999: 30 severe TBI
- Jacobs et al 2001: 133 LTRs
- Andelic et al 2012: 61 severe TBI
- Abdulsatar et al 2013: 8 Wii boxing
- Hollander et al 2014: 14 VADS
- Schweitz & Van Aswegan 2013: Pectus



EM was safe and feasible in these studies





# PICU Up!™: Early Rehabilitation and Progressive Mobility



- Structured and interdisciplinary program
- Integrated into the routine care of the critically ill child
- Outcomes
  - Provide a standardized mechanism to increase activity level
  - Improve patient outcomes
    - Lower rates of mobility associated complications
    - Decrease length of mechanical ventilation
    - Decrease length of stay
      - PICU
      - Hospital



Level 2
OOB to chair

Consider

Level 1

Positioning

· ROM

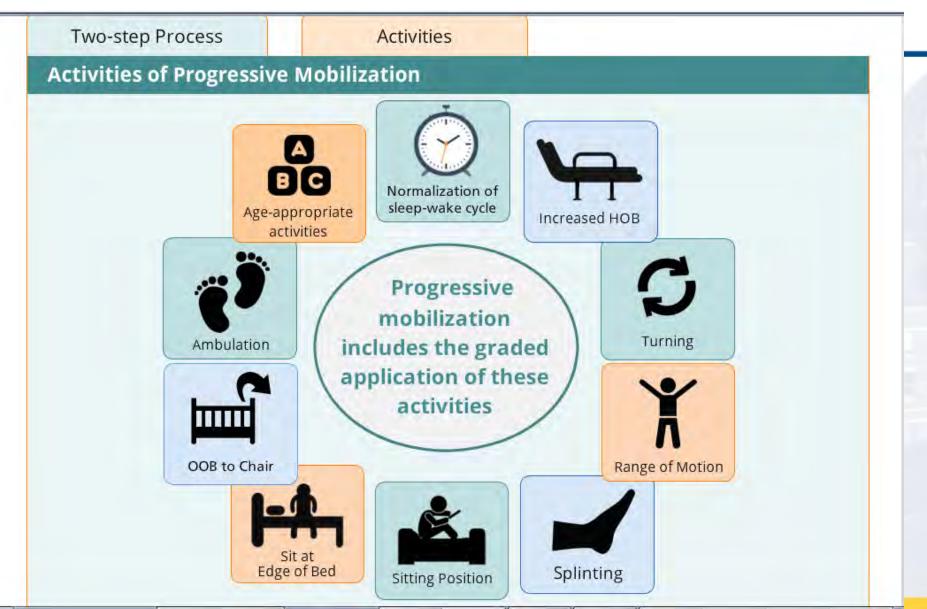
Ambulate





# What is Early Mobilization?





Ambulation is not the goal for everyone!!





### PICU Up! Levels: Shared mental models



#### Step 1-Screening Process: Early Activity and Mobility Levels

These are the criteria for inclusion at each level of the screening process.

#### LEVEL 1: Parameters for Inclusion

- Intubated with FiO2 >60% or
- Intubated with PEEP > 8 or
- · Intubated difficult airway or
- · New tracheostomy or
- Acute neurological event or
- Sedated and SBS -3 to -2 or
- Vasopressor other than Milrinone

#### LEVEL 2: Parameters for Inclusion

- Intubated or tracheostomy with FiO2 ≤ 60% +/or PEEP ≤8 and SBS -1 to +3 or
- Noninvasive respiratory support with FiO2 > 60% or
- · Dialysis/Renal Replacement Therapy or
- Femoral access

#### LEVEL 3: Parameters for Inclusion

- Non-invasive respiratory support with FiO2 ≤ 60% or
- Baseline pulmonary support or
- EVD cleared by NUS and SBS -1 to +3

**PCCM** 2016







# PICU Up! Activity Progression: Sleep is a priority



#### Step 2-Activity Progression

Screening is followed by a progression of activities appropriate for the patient's level.

#### **Activity Progression: Level 1**

- Lights on/shades up by 0900
- · Bed/bath/weight by 2300
- Lights dimmed/out by 2300 increase lighting as needed for cares/interventions
- TV limited to 30 min at a time.
   Goal of < 2 hours per day for children >2 yo
- HOB elevated ≥ 30°
- Turn q2h daytime and q4h at night
- Positioned in developmentally supportive position or as recommended by OT/PT
- OT consult by PICU day 3
- · PT consult as needed

#### **Activity Progression: Level 2**

- Level 1 activities plus
- Positive touch for infants/toddlers
- Sitting up in bed TID
- Team to consider OOB to chair
   +/or ambulation
- OT/PT consult by PICU day 3
- Assess for difficulty with communication or phonation and consult SLP
- Assess for swallowing readiness in high risk children and consult SLP
- · Assess need for daily schedule
- · pCAM-ICU BID

#### **Activity Progression: Level 3**

- Level 1 and 2 activities plus
- OOB to chair TID or sitting up in bed TID if appropriate chair is not available
- Ambulate BID if trunk control present





#### IMPROVEMENT BRIEF

Design and Implementation of an Analgesia, Sedation, and Paralysis Order Set to Enhance Compliance of pro re nata Medication Orders with Joint Commission Medication Management Standards in a Pediatric ICU

David Procaccini, PharmD, MPH, BCPS, CACP; Rebecca Rapaport, BSN, RN; Brent Petty, MD; Dana Moore, MS, RN, CJCP; Dorothy Lee, MS, RN; Sapna R. Kudchadkar, MD, PhD, FCCM



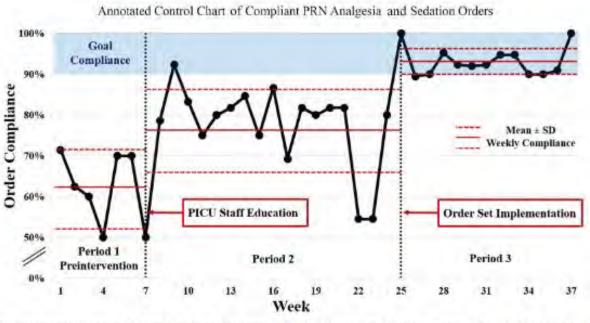


Figure 2: This annotated control chart displays the rates of compliance with Joint Commission Medication Management (MM) standards for PRN orders during the 37-week study period. PRN, pro re nata; SD, standard deviation; PICU, pediatric ICU.





#### Online module for ALL PICU staff





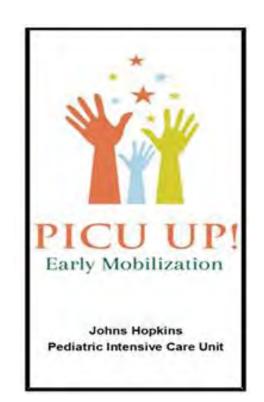


#### "Rest and Reassess"



#### PICU065 Appendix B: Criteria to Pause PICU UP! Activity, Rest and Reassess

- Change in baseline HR by 20%
- Change in baseline BP by 20%
- Change in baseline RR by 20%
- Decrease in baseline SaO2 by 15%
- Increase in baseline FiO2 by 20%
- Increase in baseline ETCO2 by 20%
- Ventilator asynchrony
- CPAP/BiPAP asynchrony
- Respiratory distress
- · New arrhythmia
- Hemodynamic concerns
- Change in mental status
- Concern for airway device, vascular access or EVD integrity
- Behavior interfering with safe activity







#### Results

#### PICU Up!: Impact of a Quality Improvement Intervention to Promote Early Mobilization in Critically III Children

Beth Wieczorek, DNP, PNP-AC<sup>1</sup>; Judith Ascenzi, DNP, RN, CCRN<sup>2</sup>; Yun Kim, MS, OTR/L<sup>3</sup>;
Hallie Lenker, PT, DPT, STAR/C<sup>3</sup>; Caroline Potter, MS, CCLS, CIMI<sup>4</sup>; Nehal J. Shata, MBBS<sup>1</sup>;
Lauren Mitchell, MS, CCLS<sup>4</sup>; Catherine Haut, DNP, CPNP-AC, CCRN<sup>5,6</sup>; Ivor Berkowitz, MBBCh, MBA<sup>1,7</sup>;
Frank Pidcock, MD<sup>3,7</sup>; Jeannine Hoch, MA, CCC-SLP<sup>7</sup>; Connie Malamed, MA<sup>6</sup>; Tamara Kravitz, MS<sup>6</sup>;
Sapna R, Kudchadkar, MD<sup>1,7</sup>

- 82% of PICU patients had a PT session prior to discharge from PICU vs. 53% (p=0.02)
- Median number of mobilization activities per patient by day 3 doubled from 3 to 6
- 0% adverse event rate over 737 PICU days
- ETT ambulation increased from 0% to 10%





# Normal Baseline Function Is Associated With Delayed Rehabilitation in Critically III Children

Journal of Intensive Care Medicine 1-6

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DOI: 10.1177/0885066618754507
journals.sagepub.com/home/jic





Shinya Miura, MD, MPH<sup>1</sup>, Beth Wieczorek, CRNP, DNP<sup>2</sup>, Hallie Lenker, PT, DPT, STAR/C<sup>3</sup>, and Sapna R. Kudchadkar, MD<sup>2,3,4</sup>; on behalf of the PICU Up! Early Mobilization Task Force

**Table 3.** Multivariable Analysis

Characteristic	Odds ratio (95% CI)	P value
Age	1.00 (1.00–1.01)	.09
Female sex	2.03 (0.73–5.66)	.18
PRISM	1.17 (1.02–1.34)	.02
Motor impairment	5.13 (1.24–21.17)	.02
Intellectual disability	0.90 (0.24–3.42)	.88
Mechanical ventilation	1.41 (0.74–2.68)	.30
Number of devices	1.16 (0.97–1.40)	.11
Weekend <sup>a</sup>	0.42 (0.14–1.22)	.11

Abbreviations: CI, confidence interval; PRISM, pediatric risk of mortality.





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Admission on Thursday or Friday.

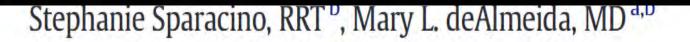
#### **ORIGINAL RESEARCH article**

Front, Oncol., 08 March 2021 | https://doi.org/10.3389/fonc.2021.645716



# Beginning Restorative Activities Very Early: Implementation of an Early Mobility Initiative in a Pediatric Onco-Critical Care Unit

Saad Ghafoor<sup>1\*</sup>, Kimberly Fan<sup>2</sup>, Sarah Williams<sup>1</sup>, Amanda Brown<sup>1</sup>, Sarah Bowman<sup>1</sup>, Kenneth L. Pettit<sup>3</sup>, Shilpa Gorantla<sup>3</sup>, Rebecca Quillivan<sup>3</sup>, Sarah Schwartzberg<sup>4</sup>, Amanda Curry<sup>4</sup>, Lucy Parkhurst<sup>4</sup>, Marshay James<sup>1</sup>, Jennifer Smith<sup>5</sup>, Kristin Canavera<sup>6</sup>, Andrew Elliott<sup>7</sup>, Michael Frett<sup>8</sup>, Deni Trone<sup>9</sup>, Jacqueline Butrum-Sullivan<sup>10</sup>, Cynthia Barger<sup>11</sup>, Mary Lorino<sup>11</sup>, Jennifer Mazur<sup>12</sup>, Mandi Dodson<sup>12</sup>, Morgan Melancon<sup>12</sup>, Leigh Anne Hall<sup>11</sup>, Jason Rains<sup>10</sup>, Yvonne Avent<sup>1</sup>, Jonathan Burlison<sup>13</sup>, Fang Wang<sup>14</sup>, Haitao Pan<sup>14</sup>, Mary Anne Lenk<sup>15</sup>, R. Ray Morrison<sup>1</sup> and Sapna R. Kudchadkar<sup>16</sup>





#### Role of the Respiratory Therapist





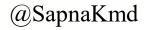
- Work in collaboration with medical team to determine patient readiness and activity goal for the day on morning rounds
- Screen and perform ERT in children who meet criteria\*
- Coordinate with multidisciplinary staff to determine timing and strategy for safe mobilization
- Educate the team about challenges specific to the respiratory status and needs of the patient

"If you fail to plan, you are planning to fail."

- Benjamin Franklin





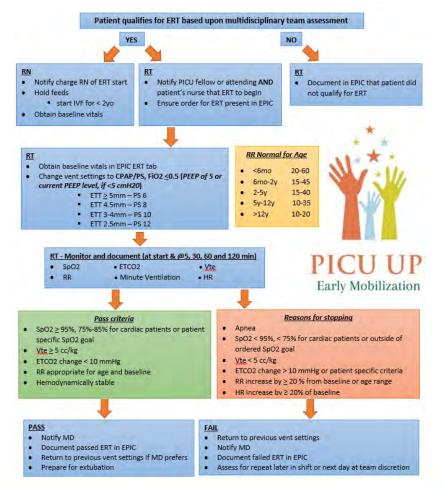




## **Modality Specific Considerations**

Oxygen Therapy Nasal Cannula, Aerosol Therapy, Continuous Nebulizers, Heated High Flow Nasal Cannula	Noninvasive Ventilation  CPAP/BIPAP	Invasive Ventilation ETT/Trach	
<ul> <li>Sufficient O2 for activity</li> <li>Emergency equipment</li> <li>Educate staff to potentially mobilize without RT</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sufficient O2 for activity</li> <li>Emergency equipment</li> <li>Sufficient battery life on device for duration of activity</li> <li>Circuit support <ul> <li>In chair</li> <li>While ambulating</li> </ul> </li> <li>CPAP/BiPAP asynchrony</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sufficient O2 for activity</li> <li>Emergency equipment</li> <li>Sufficient battery life on device for duration of activity</li> <li>Circuit support <ul> <li>In chair</li> <li>While ambulating</li> </ul> </li> <li>Ventilator asynchrony</li> <li>Increase in etCO2 by 20%</li> <li>Emergency/back up airway equipment</li> <li>Airway security</li> </ul>	ĮS.

## Extubation readiness testing: RT/NP collaboration











Presenting at #PCCC18 and AARC 2018 meeting

## Exclusions...but no longer- bringing new energy to the table

Excluded from PICU UP! Levels and Activities

- ECMO
- Open chest
- Open abdomen
- Unstable fracture
- Medical orders specifying alternate activity



PICU UP! Level	Parameters for Inclusion	Activities	Criteria to Pause Activity, rest and reassess
Level 1 ECMO	VV or VA ECMO: femoral or neck cannulation Stable and secure ECMO cannula Stable hemodynamics with stable ECMO flows, stable inotropic support No significant bleeding Stable SVO2	Lights on/shades up by 0900     Bed/bath/weight by 2300     Lights dimmed/out by 2300     Increase lighting as needed for cares/interventions     TV limited to 30 minutes at a time and a goal of <2 hours per day for children >2 years of age     HOB elevated ≥ 30°     Turn q2h during the day and q4h at night     OT and PT consulted on ECMO initiation     Maintain head and body alignment during activity and/or repositioning     PROM as per discussed by PICU team     Positive touch for infants and toddlers     pCAM or psCAM assessment BID if SBS -1 to +3	Decrease in SvO2 by 20% of baseline or SvO2 < 50%     Decrease in NIRS by 20% from baseline     New arrhythmia or ST changes     Reportable conditions to provider     Increase in bleeding around cannula site and/or general increased bleeding     Persistent changes to ECMO flow or pump pressures







Congratulations to our #respiratory @PICU\_Up champions @KristaHajnik & @Steph\_Hazen, making @HopkinsKids proud with their research presentation at #AARC18! #PedsICU #RT #ICUrehab





## So are we the only ones who needed to change our mobility culture?



 Before large scale interventional trials can be designed, it is critical to understand the current state of PICU practice at the bedside for early mobilization and acute rehabilitation





### Physical Rehabilitation in Critically III Children: A Multicenter Point Prevalence Study in the United States

Sapna R. Kudchadkar, MD, PhD, FCCM<sup>1,2,3</sup>; Archana Nelliot, MD<sup>1</sup>; Ronke Awojoodu, RN, MPH<sup>1</sup>; Dhananjay Vaidya, PhD<sup>4</sup>; Chani Traube, MD<sup>5</sup>; Tracie Walker, MD<sup>1</sup>; Dale M. Needham, MD, PhD<sup>3,6,7</sup>; for the Prevalence of Acute Rehabilitation for Kids in the PICU (PARK-PICU) Investigators and the Pediatric Acute Lung Injury and Sepsis Investigators (PALISI) Network

RESEARCH Open Access

## Mobilization practices in critically ill children: a European point prevalence study (EU PARK-PICU)



Erwin Ista<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Barnaby R. Scholefield<sup>3,4</sup>, Joseph C. Manning<sup>5,6</sup>, Irene Harth<sup>7</sup>, Orsola Gawronski<sup>8</sup>, Alicja Bartkowska-Śniatkowska<sup>9</sup>, Anne-Sylvie Ramelet<sup>10</sup>, Sapna R. Kudchadkar<sup>11,12,13</sup> and EU PARK-PICU Collaborators<sup>14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48</sup>

#### FEATURE ARTICLE

## Prevalence of Acute Rehabilitation for Kids in the PICU: A Canadian Multicenter Point Prevalence Study

**OBJECTIVES:** To evaluate mobilization practices, barriers, and mobility-related adverse events in Canadian PICUs.

Karen Choong, MB BCh, MSc<sup>1,2</sup> David J. Zorko, MD<sup>1</sup> Crit Care Med 2020







Critical Care 2020

Ped Crit Care Med 2020





## What is PARK-PICU?



### Prevalence of Acute Rehabilitation for Kids in the PICU

- 2-day point prevalence study being conducted around the world to characterize acute rehabilitation practices for critically ill children.
  - USA
  - Canada
  - Brazil
  - Europe
  - Australia & New Zealand



All PICU patients admitted ≥ 72 hours



# PREVALENCE OF ACUTE REHAB FOR KIDS IN THE PICU 82 sites/1800 patients



### Critical Care Medicine

Critical Care Medicine





### Physical Rehabilitation in Critically III Children: A Multicenter Point Prevalence Study in the United States

What was the point prevalence of PT or OT-provided mobility?

35%

How often were patients completely immobile?

19%

A potential safety event occurred in 4% of 4,700 mobility sessions; most commonly a transient change in vital signs.

Who is at risk for a delayed PT or OT consult?



PATIENTS WITH HIGHER BASELINE FUNCTION\*

Coresults by Day 3: 27% vs.

Who had lower odds of PT or OTprovided motility?



What factors promote or prevent being out of bed?









(DR 4.35 95% CL.3.1-6-6) 108 0 13: 95% CL 0:1-0:35







**DATA COLLECTED** FROM 82 PICUS IN 65 HOSPITALS (N=1.769 PATIENT



PREVALENCE OF ACUTE **REHABILITATION FOR** KIDS IN THE PICU (PARK-PICU)



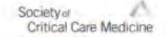
CROSS-SECTIONAL POINT PREVALENCE STUDY (PALISI NETWORK)

CONCLUSIONS

Younger children, females, and patients with higher baseline function less commonly receive rehabilitation in U.S. PICUs, and early rehabilitation consultation is infrequent.

Pata from Kudchadkar SR, et al: Crit Care Med 2020.

ccmjournal.org #CritCareMed #PedsICU







### Mobilisation practices in critically ill children: A European point prevalence study (EU PARK-PICU)

What was the point prevalence of PT or OT-provided mobility?

How often were patients completely immobile?

Who is less likely to receive therapist provided mobility?



Who had lower odds of PT or OTprovided motility?

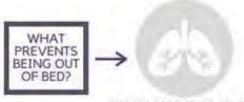






FAMILY PRESENT AT BEDSIDE

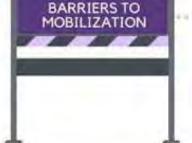
(OR 7.83, 95% CI 3.09-19.79)



**ENDOTRACHEAL** INTUBATION

(OR 0.28, 95% CI 0.12-0.68)







cardiovascular instability (n= 47, 10%)



oversedation



medical contraindication (n=37.8%)



38 PICUS FROM 15 EUROPEAN COUNTRIES

456

456 PATIENT-DAYS **INCLUDED IN ANALYSIS** 



CROSS-SECTIONAL POINT PREVALENCE STUDY

CONCLUSIONS

Therapists are infrequently consulted for mobilization of critically ill children in European PICUs. There is a need for a systematic and interdisciplinary mobilisation approach

## Pediatric Critical Care Medicine





## Prevalence of Acute Rehabilitation for Kids in the PICU: A Canadian Multicenter Point Prevalence Study



#### Study Objective:

This national point prevalence study evaluated mobilization practices, barriers, and mobility-related adverse events in Canadian PICUs.



#### **Study Population:**

Children with a minimum 72-hour PICU length of stay on the allocated study day in thirteen PICUs across Canada were included.



#### Importance of family at bedside:

Family participation was strongly associated with out-of-bed mobility (odds ratio 6.4; p = 0.001).

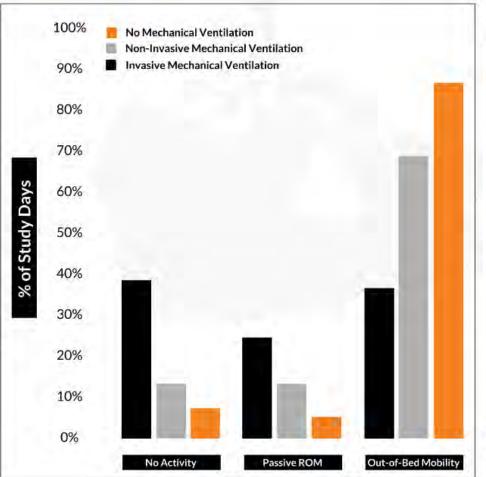
#### Mobilization is **COMMON** and **SAFE**



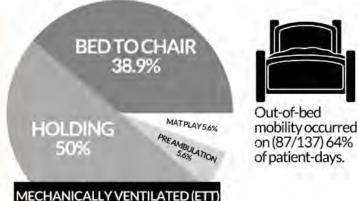
MOBILIZATION OCCURRED ON 110 OF 137 PATIENT-DAYS (80%)



ADVERSE EVENTS OCCURRED IN 22 / 387 MOBILITY EVENTS (6%) most commonly transient changes in vital signs (54.3%)



### What does out-of-bed **MOBILITY** look like in the PICU?





Mobility was most commonly facilitated by **NURSES** (74%) and **FAMILY** (49%).







## Patient Characteristics: 59% of all PICU patients included in data collection

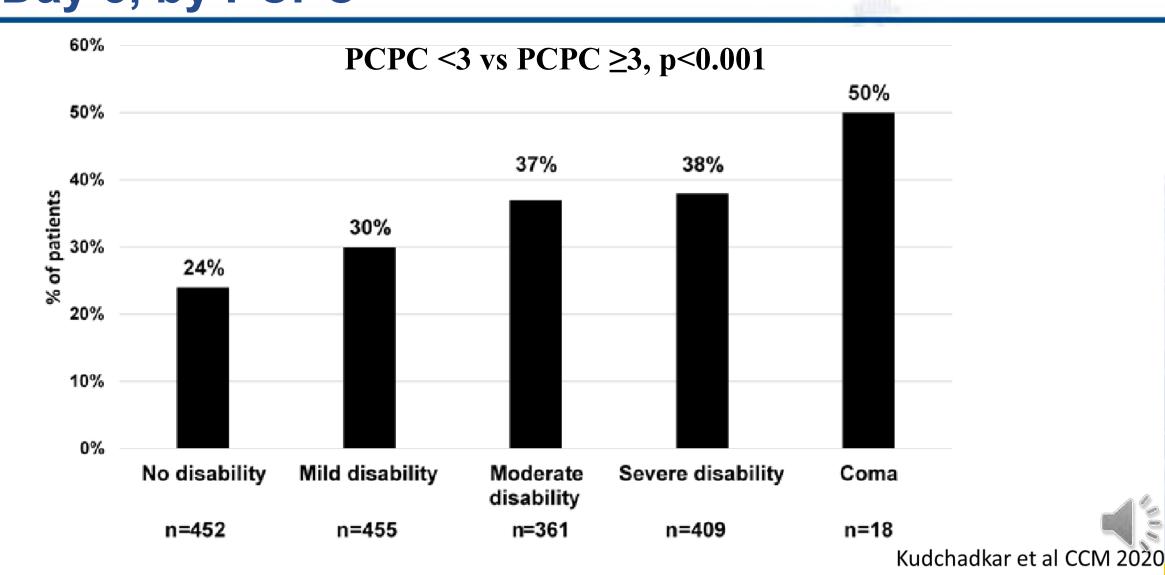


Demographic	n=1,803	
PICU Day median(IQR)	12 (6-30)	
Surgery during PICU admission	55%	
Age Category		
0-2	62%	
3-6	11%	
7-12	13%	
13-18	11%	
>18	3%	
Male	57%	
Ambulatory prior to admission (if >2 years)	64%	K
1:1 Nurse-Patient Ratio	38%	C
Endotracheal tube	34%	

Kudchadkar et al. Crit Care Med 2020

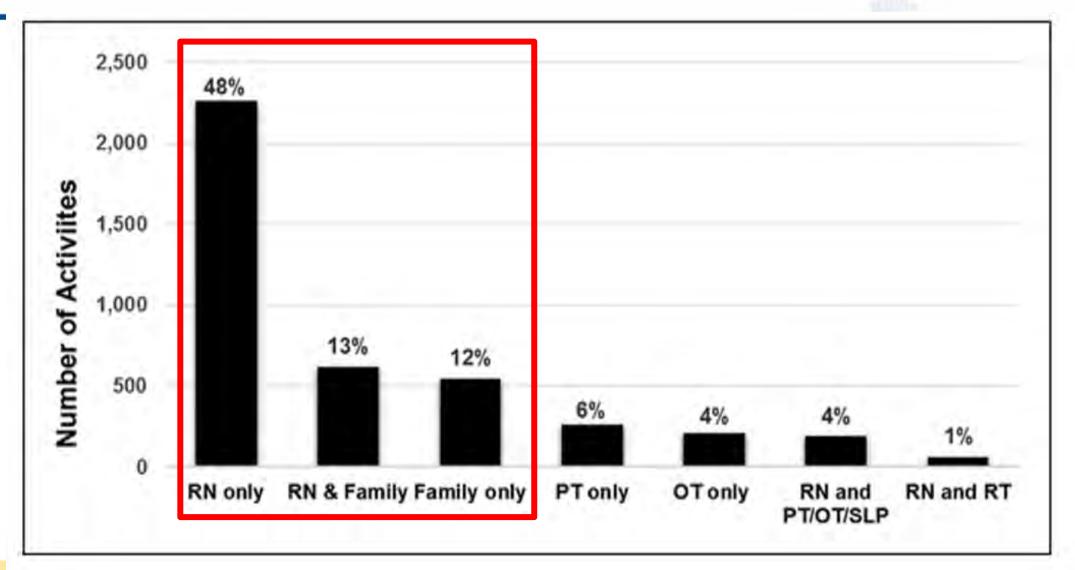


## Proportion of patients with PT or OT consult by Day 3, by PCPC



## Nurses and families are the cornerstone of PICU mobility





Crit Care Med 2020.





## **Activities on the Study Day (n=4700)**



# 4% (n=196) with a reported potential safety event 95% of these transient vital sign changes

- 7 displaced feeding tubes
- 3 displaced chest tubes
- 2 displaced endotracheal tubes
- 2 displaced arterial lines
- 1 displaced tracheostomy
- 1 new arrhythmia

**NO ARRESTS** 

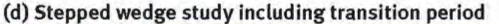
**NO FALLS** 

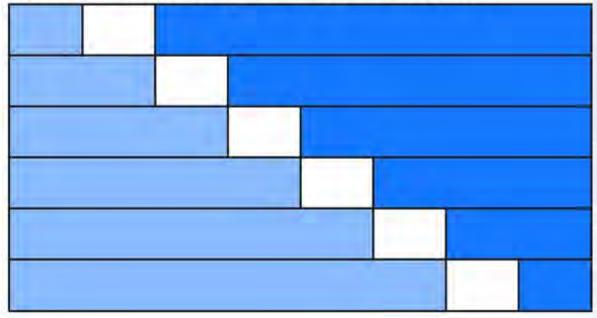
Kudchadkar et al. Crit Care Med 2020.



## What about the outcomes?? PICU Up! Stepped-wedge RCT











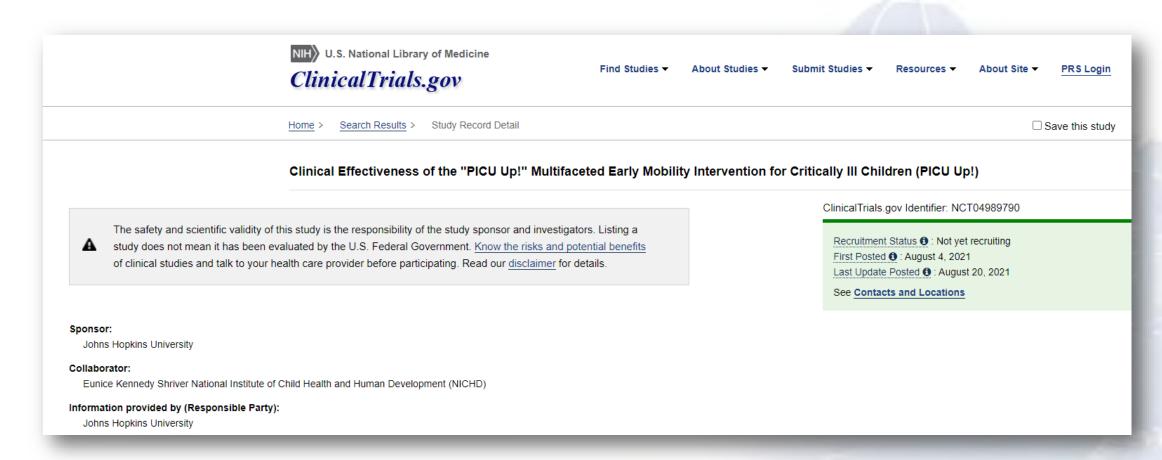




# Pilot trial



## NIH R01: ClinicalTrials.gov: NCT04989790



Also: icurehabnetwork.org/picu-up/

































## 3 years later...

ONLINE CLINICAL INVESTIGATION: PDF ONLY

### Early Mobilization in a PICU

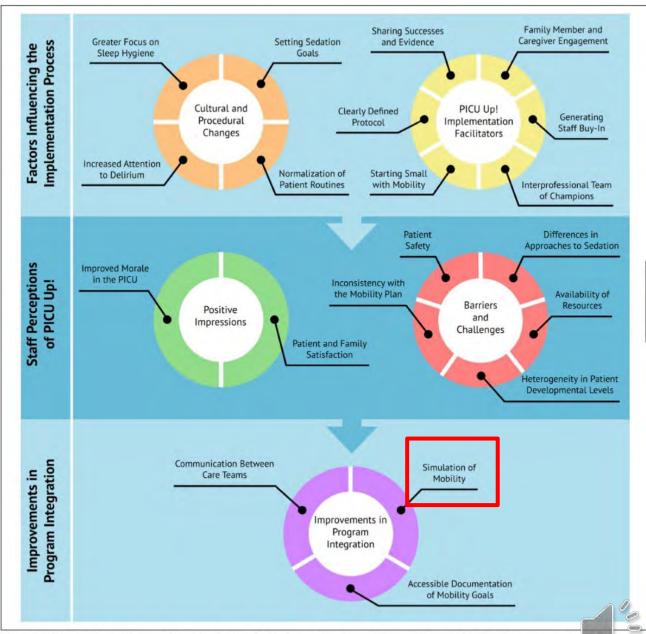
A Qualitative Sustainability Analysis of PICU Up!

Patel, Ruchit V. BS<sup>1</sup>; Redivo, Juliana MD<sup>1</sup>; Nelliot, Archana MD<sup>2</sup>; Eakin, Michelle N. PhD<sup>3,4</sup>; Wieczorek, Beth DNP<sup>1</sup>; Quinn, Julie PT, MSEd<sup>5</sup>; Gurses, Ayse P. PhD, MS, MPH<sup>1,6</sup>; Balas, Michele C. PhD, RN<sup>7</sup>; Needham, Dale M. MD, PhD, FCPA<sup>3,4,5</sup>; Kudchadkar, Sapna R. MD, PhD, FCCM<sup>1,5,8</sup>

**Author Information**  ⊗

April 2021





**Figure 1.** Constructs and themes describing factors that influenced implementation, staff perceptions, and improvements to the PICO Up! program.

#### @SapnaKmd #PedsICU

#### CLINICAL INVESTIGATION

Assessing Pain, Both Spontaneous Awakening and Breathing Trials, Choice of Sedation, Delirium Monitoring/Management, Early Exercise/Mobility, and Family Engagement/Empowerment Bundle Practices for Critically III Children: An International Survey of 161 PICUs in 18 Countries

**OBJECTIVES:** To evaluate current international practice in PICUs regarding components of the "Assessing Pain, Both Spontaneous Awakening and Breathing Trials, Choice of Sedation, Delirium Monitoring/Management, Early Exercise/Mobility, and Family Engagement/Empowerment" ("ABCDEF") bundle.

DESIGN: Online surveys conducted between 2017 and 2019.

**SETTING:** One-hundred sixty-one PICUs across the United States (n = 82), Canada (n = 14), Brazil (n = 27), and Europe (n = 38) participating in the Prevalence of Acute Rehabilitation for Kids in the PICU study.

INTERVENTIONS: None.

**MEASUREMENTS AND MAIN RESULTS:** Of the 161 participating PICUs, 83% were in academic teaching hospitals and 42% were in free-standing children's hospitals. Median size was 16 beds (interquartile range, 10–24 beds).

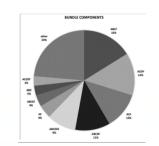
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on behalf of the International PARK-PICU Investigators



#### Crit Care Med 2021



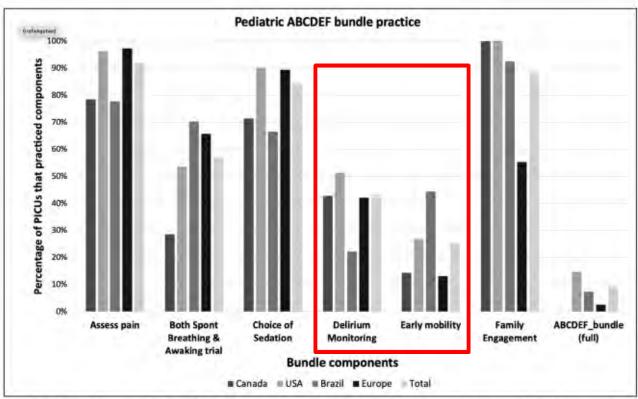








Ista et al



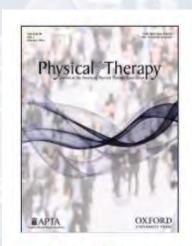
**Figure 1.** Pediatric Assessing Pain, Both Spontaneous Awakening and Breathing Trials, Choice of Sedation, Delinium Monitoring/ Management, Early Exercise/Mobility, and Family Engagement/Empowerment (ABCDEF) bundle practice in PICUs by region. Number of PICUs: Canada, n = 14: United States, n = 82: Brazil, n = 27: Europe, n = 38: total n = 161.

## A Common Language in Pediatrics

- Standardized measures of physical function provide a common language among healthcare providers
  - Why is this important?
- There is a huge gap in pediatric hospitals
  - Why is this a problem?

Toward a Common Language for Measuring Patient Mobility in the Hospital: Reliability and Construct Validity of Interprofessional Mobility Measures

Erik H. Hoyer, Daniel L. Young, Lisa M. Klein, Julie Kreif, Kara Shumock, Stephanie Hiser, Michael Friedman, Annette Lavezza, Alan Jette, Kitty S. Chan, Dale M. Needham



Volume 98, Issue 2 February 2018



### **AM-PAC** in Pediatrics!

#### RESEARCH REPORT: TESTS AND MEASURES

## Psychometric Testing of the Activity Measure for Post-Acute Care (AM-PAC) in the Pediatric Acute Care Setting

Katherine Denlinger, PT, DPT, PCS; Daniel L. Young, PT, DPT, PhD; Meghan Beier, PhD; Michael Friedman, PT, MBA; Julie Quinn, PT; Erik H. Hoyer, MD; Sapna R. Kudchadkar, MD, PhD, FCCM

Department of Physical Therapy (Dr Denlinger and Ms Quinn), Johns Hopkins Children's Center, Baltimore, Maryland; Departments of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation (Drs Young, Beier, Hoyer, and Kudchadkar and Mr Friedman), Division of General Internal Medicine, Department of Medicine (Dr Hoyer), Outcome After Critical Illness and Surgery (OACIS) Group (Drs Hoyer and Kudchadkar), Anesthesiology and Critical Care Medicine (Dr Kudchadkar), and Pediatrics (Dr Kudchadkar), Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine, Baltimore, Maryland; Department of Physical Therapy (Dr Young), University of Nevada Las Vegas, Las Vegas, Nevada.

Purpose: To determine interrater reliability and construct validity of the Activity Measure for Post-Acute Care (AM-PAC) Inpatient "6-clicks" Short Forms for children in acute care.

Methods: Eight physical therapists (PTs) scored the AM-PAC Basic Mobility, 30-second walk test (30SWT), and Timed Up and Go (TUG) for 54 patients (4-17 years); 6 occupational therapists (OTs) scored the AM-PAC Daily Activity and handgrip dynamometry for 50 patients (5-17 years). Correlations between the AM-PAC Basic Mobility, 30SWT, and TUG and between the Daily Activity AM-PAC and handgrip dynamometry were calculated for evidence of construct validity.

Results: Interrater reliability for the AM-PAC was excellent for PTs and OTs. Validity was strong to moderate for Basic Mobility when compared with the 30SWT and TUG. Daily Activity had weak correlation with mean left handgrip strength and no correlation with mean right handgrip strength.

Conclusions: AM-PAC Short Forms have acceptable psychometrics for use among children in acute care. (Pediatr Phys Ther 2021;33:149–154)

Key words: AM-PAC, basic mobility, daily activity, pediatric acute care, physical therapy, 6 clicks

Pediatric Physical Therapy 2021



### Conclusions

#### Psychometric Testing of the Activity Measure for Post-Acute Care (AM-PAC) in the Pediatric Acute Care Setting

Katherine Denlinger, PT, DPT, PCS, Daniel L. Young, PT, DPT, PhD; Meghan Beier, PhD; Michael Friedman, PT, MBA; Julie Quinn, PT; Erik H. Hoyer, MD; Sapna R. Kudchadhar, MD, PhD, FCCM

Department of Physical Therapy (De Dealinger and Mo Cpains), Johns Heighes Calladers Calladers Centre, findinous, Maryland, Oppartments of Physical Medicine and Richelitation (De Nouing, Feet, Peetry and Kolchelitati and M. Friedman), Division of General Internal Medicine. Department of Addicine Def Physical Addicine Def Physical Comparison of Addicine Def Physical Comparison of Addicine Def Physical Comparison of Addicine Def Physical Physical Regular Addicine Def Physical Physical Regular Addicine Def Physical Physical Regular Addicine Def Physical Physical Physical Regular Addicine Def Physical P

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Conclusions: AM-PAC Short Forms have acceptable psychometrics for use among children in acute care. (Pediatr Phys Th 2021;33:149–154)

- This is one of the first outcome measures to be validated for use in pediatric acute care
  - Objectify crucial aspects of PT and OT in acute care
- It can be used for a wide range of ages, diagnoses, and settings
- It is possible to safely and feasibly perform various standardized measures in acute care, including the PICU
  - AM-PAC, TUG, 30SWT, handgrip dynamometry

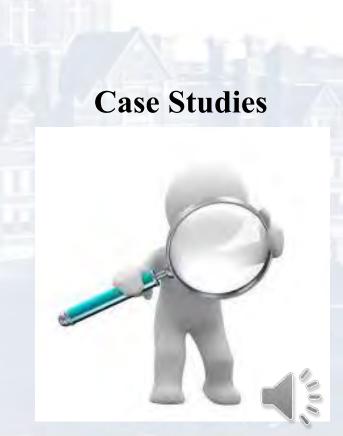


## Letting Kids be Kids?: You be the judge



By being awake and alert...they could interact with family...feel human...sustain the zest for living which is a requirement for survival."

-Thomas Petty





Adjusted of the Society of Critical Core Medicine, the World Federation of Pediatric Intensive and Intical Care Societies, the Paediatric Intensive Care Society UK, the Latin American Society of Pediatric Intensive Care, and this Japanese Society of Pediatric Intensive and Critical Care

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## Pediatric Critical Care Medicine

Society of Critical Care Medicine



#### FOREWORD

Guiding Pediatric Critical Care Medicine Toward a Bigger \*Impression\* in 2017 and Beyond

#### FEATURE ARTICLE

High-Quality Randomized Controlled Trials in Pediatric Critical Care: A Survey of Barriers and Facilitators

#### CARDIAC INTENSIVE CARE

Acute Decompensation in Pediatric Cardiac Patients: Outcomes After Rapid Response Events

#### NEUROCRITICAL CARE

Development and Prospective Validation of Tools to Accurately Identify Neurosurgical and Critical Care Events in Children With Traumatic Brain Injury

Early Preserice of Sleep Symules on Electroencephalography Is Associated With Good Outcome After Pediatric Cardiac Arrest

#### REVIEW ARTICLE

Videolaryngoscopy in Neonates, Infants, and Children







## Guiding Pediatric Critical Care Medicine Toward a Bigger "Impression" in 2017 and Beyond

"It is evident that we have much to learn from each other, and the cycle of local to global communities of practice can be fueled by leveraging social media."

-Kochanek, Kudchadkar, Kissoon PCCM 2017



@SapnaKmd

## Professional Social Media and You



#### The #PedsICU Influencers

#### Top 10 Influential









@VSLanziotti 79

@pccm doc 78

@WFPICCS 78

@SCCM 76

@MiguelrrMD 70

@JennaMillerKC 70

#### **Prolific Tweeters**









@JinaSinskeyMD 318

@SapnaKmd 310

@drshahrul80 167

@pccm\_doc 159

@MigueIrrMD 153

@PedsGasDoc 140

#### **Highest Impressions**











@PediAnesthesia 1.4M



@PedCritCareMed 1.0M

@SCCMPresident 943.7K

@DeannaMarie208 876.3K

#### The Numbers

40.717M Impressions

13,142 Tweets

3,077 Participants

20 Avg Tweets/Hour

4 Avg Tweets/Participant



Twitter data from the #PedsICU hashtag from Fri, February 5th 2021, 12:00PM to Thu, March 4th 2021, 12:00PM (America/New York) -Symplur.



symplur



## The #PedsICU & #Neotwitter community



#### **#PedsICU Participants**



#### #neoTwitter Participants



Data for #neoTwitter can be up to 15 minutes delayed

### @SapnaKmd #PedsICU

1 Natalie Napolitano MPH RRT-NPS Retweeted

The National Board for Respiratory Care - NBRC

@NBRC tweets

There are three main #respiratorycare organizations that RTs interact with: the NBRC, the AARC and CoARC. All three are separate entities that work collaboratively sharing the universal goal of enhancing patient lives through excellence in respiratory care. #respiratorytherapists

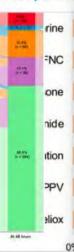


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#Respirato



ite Inc.



The Johns Hopkins PICU Up! Program @PICU\_Up · Aug 22, 2019 A #nurse, #RT, #acutePT & little one walked into a....#rehablegend photo op.

#IllnessDoesntMeanStillness #RehabLegends #icurehab #PedsICU #mdt #nurses #respiratory



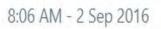
Johns Hopkins Medicine and 4 others





Sydney drove a car 12 hours after #cardiac #surgery & came back today to donate one to @HopkinsPICU! #icurehab







Just another night in the #PedsICU -Amazing nurses making sure even the littlest ones get a much needed walk. #ICURehab

@PICU\_Up



9:07 AM - 10 Jan 2018

@SapnaKmd #PedsICU

Waphak

Sapna Kudchadkar, MD, PhD · 10/3/18 Today's #PedsiCU / adult #ICU challenge.

Pick one patient in your unit to go outside today. Make it happen safely with #multidisciplinary collaboration.

Sometimes all it takes is one person asking if it's possible.

#### #ICURehab #acutePT #sleep #delirium





Jackie Ong @ongsoomay

Taking up @SapnaKmd's #icurehab challenge - we'll see your 1 day and raise you 3. #pedsICU @PICU\_Up @HopkinsKids @WFPICCS

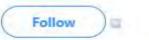
















Follow

@SapnaKmd @jennakhills has introduced #MoVE to @PicuRhc after hearing about @PICU\_Up last year. All the team involved! Great work!!



## Take home points



- It. Is. Never. Too. Early.
- Value each other's expertise
- Consistency
- No easy button
- Analgesia first
- Start low, go slow.
- Sleep. Sleep. ...and Nutrition!
- Push the envelope...safely!

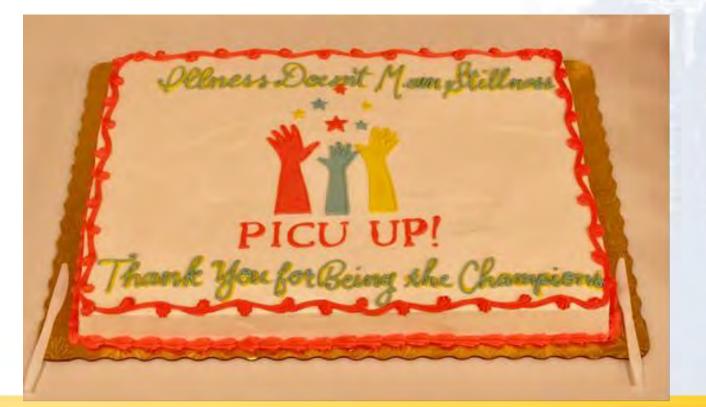








## Celebrate <u>all</u> successes, big and small! Because we have MUCH work to do



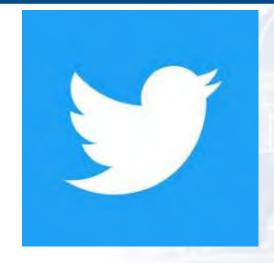




## More inspiration and ideas?



Twitter: @PICU\_Up



Instagram: @HopkinsPICU\_Up





## Special thanks to the PICU Up! Research Team Clinical Trials '91'- Safety John Region Marketin Team





